Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Irvington Union Free School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Irvington Union Free School District, New York ("School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 3, 2022 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York October 3, 2022



Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A")
June 30, 2022

Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of the Irvington Union Free School District, New York's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follows this section, to enhance understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021-2022 are as follows:

- New York State Law limits the amount of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, exclusive of encumbrances and amounts designated for the subsequent year's budget that can be retained by the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,738,999. This is at the 4% limit for unassigned fund balance.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the School Districts governmental fund financial statements report a combined ending fund balance of \$23,143,885, an increase of \$16,048,241 from the prior year. This increase was the result of an increase in Capital Projects Fund of \$13.3 million and by the General Fund of \$2.5 million. The Capital funds are committed and will largely be spent by the fall of 2022.
- On the district-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the School District exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of its most recent fiscal year by \$116,791,357. This represented an improvement of \$8,291,555 for the year ended June 30, 2022, when compared to fiscal year 2021, leaving the District in a better net position year over year.
- For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District's OPEB liability of \$109,741,210 is reflected on the district-wide Statement of Net Position and impacts the total net position calculation. This decrease of \$32,074,317 from the prior year was due to changes in the discount rate and actuarial assumptions as well as negotiated contract changes that benefit the future fiscal health of the District. More detailed information about the School District's OPEB obligations reported in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", is presented in Note 3E in the notes to the financial statements.
- The district-wide financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 are also significantly impacted by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." This pronouncement established accounting and financial reporting requirements associated with the School District's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). Under this standard, cost-sharing employers are required to report in their district-wide financial statements a net pension liability

(asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school districts in the plan. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported in its Statement of Net Position an asset for its proportionate share of the ERS net pension asset of \$1,334,096 and an asset of \$25,412,264 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension asset. More detailed information about the School District's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in Note 3E in the notes to financial statements.

School Lunch Fund ended with an increase to the fund balance in the amount of \$113,154. Meals were free to all students as the District participates in the National School Lunch Program during 2021-22. Fund balance will be used toward cafeteria kitchen equipment upgrades and various programs for the next school years. It is important to note that the General Fund does not supplement the School Lunch Fund. The District receives Federal and State Aid on meals served. Additionally, since all meals were free to all students during the entire 2021-2022 year, this resulted in an increase in Federal and State Aid when compared to previous years.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) district-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains combining and individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The *district-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the School District's net
 position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported
 as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of
 related cash flows.
- The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, other, interest and general administrative support.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

• A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state

and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as
 governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the districtwide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows
 and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources
 available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the
 School District's near-term financing requirements.
- Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.
- The School District maintains five individual governmental funds; General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund and Special Purpose Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.
- The School District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The financial statements for the governmental funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These include the required supplementary information for the School District's other postemployment and pension benefit liabilities, the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

District-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position. In the case of the Irvington Union Free School District, New York, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$116,791,357 at the close of the current fiscal year, however the net position improved by \$8,291,444 during this fiscal year.

Statement of Net Position

	June 30,					
	2022	2021				
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$ 55,381,920 40,760,511	\$ 21,159,864 37,177,936				
Total Assets	96,142,431	58,337,800				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	20,717,401	21,875,198				
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	5,952,010 155,695,514	17,556,252 173,520,106				
Total Liabilities	161,647,524	191,076,358				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	72,003,665	14,219,552				
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	12,286,098 3,113,421 (132,190,876)	11,863,261 6,195,465 (143,141,638)				
Total Net Position	\$ (116,791,357)	\$ (125,082,912)				

A large component of the School District's net position, \$12,286,098, reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt that is still outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Those assets subject to external restrictions listed above constitute \$3,113,421 of net position and are comprised of amounts restricted for specific purposes, i.e., payments of tax certiorari claims, capital projects, debt service, retirement contributions, etc. There is a negative balance of unrestricted net position of \$132,190,876 primarily a result of the recognition of the OPEB liabilities. Overall, net position increased positively by \$8,291,555 mostly as a result in the change in OPEB and pension assets and liabilities.

Current Assets increased by \$34,222,056 as a result of New York State pension activity. As per GASB 68, the District recognized a net pension asset of \$26,746,360, whereas in the previous year, the New York State pensions were recorded as a net pension liability. It is important to note that these funds are all controlled by New York State for retirement obligation and not controlled by the District.

Changes in Net Position

	June 30,				
	2022	2021			
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 1,201,461	\$ 621,150			
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,446,258	2,001,574			
Capital Grants and Contributions	820	79,985			
Total Program Revenues	3,648,539	2,702,709			
General Revenues					
Real Property Taxes	57,945,883	56,293,742			
Other Tax Items	2,004,087	2,225,829			
Non-Property Taxes	920,676	866,220			
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	22,489	319,554			
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	4,080	-			
Unrestricted State Aid	3,677,680	3,170,098			
Miscellaneous	618,758	940,128			
Total General Revenues	65,193,653	63,815,571			
Total Revenues	68,842,192	66,518,280			
PROGRAM EXPENSES					
General Support	5,474,796	9,889,013			
Instruction	50,918,797	56,956,383			
Pupil Transportation	2,585,589	2,426,413			
Cost of Food Sales	723,883	326,748			
Other	186,444	204,324			
Interest	661,128	579,857			
Total Expenses	60,550,637	70,382,738			
Change in Net Position	8,291,555	(3,864,458)			
NET POSITION					
Beginning, as reported	(125,082,912)	(121,516,229)			
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle		297,775			
Net Position-Beginning, as restated	(125,082,912)	(121,218,454)			
Ending	\$ (116,791,357)	\$ (125,082,912)			

The following are the major changes in Net Position:

Revenues:

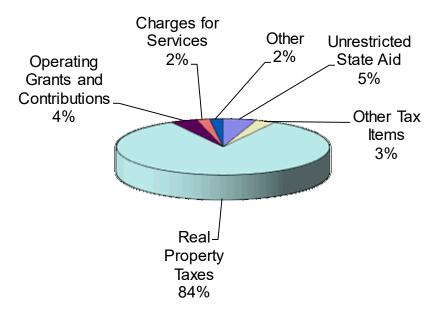
- Real Property Taxes increased by \$1,652,141 based on the adopted budget.
- Unrestricted State Aid increased by \$507,582 due to increased formula aid from NYS.
- Operating Grants and Contributions increased by \$444,684 due to increased State and Federal aid used to support District programs.
- Other tax items include reimbursements received under the School Tax Relief Reimbursement Program ("STAR"). The STAR program provides tax relief to homeowners through State reimbursement to the School District. Other tax items decreased by \$221,742 because new home owners are reimbursed by the State directly via check in lieu of a credit on tax bills.
- Charges for services increased by \$580,311 due to increases in food sales to students as breakfast and lunch were provided free to all students per the National School Lunch directive during 2021-2022. This resulted in an increase in Federal and State Aid when compared to previous years and leading to the requirement of a Single Audit.

Expenses:

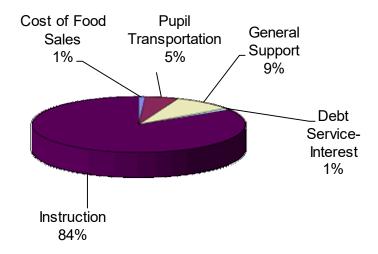
Overall expenses decreased by \$9,832,101 from the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to decreases in OPEB and pension expense, offset by increases in operating expenses in the District's governmental funds. The decrease in OPEB expense is mainly the result of changes in the discount rate used in computing the liability. Additionally, lessening future retirement obligations through contract negotiations benefit the future fiscal health of the District and lowers the OPEB expense. The District is required to use the AA municipal bond rate for this purpose. The decrease in pension expense is mainly the result of investment gains achieved by ERS and TRS.

The School District relies upon real property taxes as its primary revenue source. The School District's instruction costs account for 84% of its expenses.

Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year End 2022 Governmental Activities



Expenses for Fiscal Year End 2022 Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a School District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Additionally, as per New York State law, the District is able to utilize restricted fund balance for additional funds to help ensure the instructional programs are not impacted by key external events. Through long-range financial planning, the District establishes and incrementally funds these reserves to handle financial fluctuations.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$23,143,885, an increase of \$16,048,241 from the prior year. \$10,639,222 of this increase is remaining proceeds of a voter approved bond to support the District's ongoing capital project. This project is scheduled for completion by the end of 2022. The \$23,143,885 fund balance consists of the following:

Nonspendable -	
Inventories	\$ 9,061
Restricted:	
Workers compensation	916,737
Tax Certiorari	4,713,182
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	622,128
Retirement Contributions	751,293
Future Capital Projects	1,117,300
Capital Projects	10,639,222
Special Purposes	328,091
Total Restricted	19,087,953
Assigned: Purchases On Order:	
General Government Support	391,749
Instruction	77,480
	469,229
Subsequent year's expenditures from- General Fund	422,500
Contrain and	122,000
School Lunch Fund	416,143
Total Assigned	1,307,872
Unassigned -	
General Fund	2,738,999
Total Fund Balances	\$ 23,143,885

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School District. Revenues and other financing sources were higher than the final budget by \$953,904, or 1.4% due to string sales tax revenue, additional tuition paying students, improved state aid and E-rate funds. Expenditures excluding other financing uses, inclusive of encumbrances, were \$2,839,134 lower than the final budget. This favorable variance was achieved by controlling expenditures and unanticipated delays in filling vacant positions including associated employee benefits and favorable variances in special education expenses and transportation expense.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the School District had \$40,760,511 net of accumulated depreciation, invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below.

	June 30,				
Class		2022	2021		
Land Buildings and Improvements Land improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$	793,200 33,275,002 463,946 423,919	\$	793,200 33,221,360 726,620 438,945	
Construction-in-Progress		5,804,444		1,997,811	
Total Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>\$</u>	40,760,511	\$	37,177,936	

As noted previously, the District is currently in the middle of an \$18,867,640 voter approved capital project which is anticipated to be completed by the fall of 2022. More detailed information about the School District's capital assets is presented in note 3B in the notes to financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

The School District had general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

	June 30,				
	2022			2021	
Bonds Payable	\$	38,898,103	\$	23,852,728	
Claims		6,451,846		6,634,472	
Compensated Absences		604,355		557,046	
Net Pension Liability - ERS		-		16,125	
Net Pension Liability - TRS	- 4,0		4,004,208		
Other Post Employment Benefit					
Liability		109,741,210		141,815,527	
Total	\$	155,695,514	\$	176,880,106	

The District issued new a construction bond to fund the current capital project. More detailed information about the School District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3E in the notes to financial statements.

Future Considerations

The School District and Board monitor its fiscal health through monthly financial reports and analyses and utilize various audit methods. These analyses and audits assist in identifying areas of potential financial stress, developing realistic budgets that serve the academic and emotional needs of students, as well as, in making timely decisions when faced with important financial decisions. There are four types of auditors that assist in the School District setting: claims auditor, internal auditor, external auditor, and State auditors. Each has a very important role in ensuring that the School District is financially solvent and that the School Board upholds its fiduciary responsibilities to its community. They each inform that the School District's financial operations are performing in accordance with state laws and/or existing School Board policies and administrative regulations. There have been no corrective action plans from any recent audits.

At the time the financial statements were prepared and audited, the School District is aware of several unsettled tax certiorari cases. While the School District has settled several significant tax certiorari cases in recent years, other cases continue to be brought forward. As noted with the inclusion of the tax certiorari exposure in our financial statements, the results of these tax certiorari cases could impact the district's financial health. However, the continued funding of the tax certiorari reserves serves to mitigate this risk.

Additionally, at the time the financial statements were prepared and audited, the district has settled contracts with all of its bargaining units, including a recent agreement between the School District and the Irvington Faculty Association ratified by the Board of Education on May 3, 2022 will run through June 2027. The agreement with the Irvington Administrator Association will end in June 2024. The CSEA Custodial Unit ends in June 2024 and CSEA Clerical/AIDE contract will end in June 2027.

In May 2019, voters approved a capital project borrowing of \$18,867,640 to improve building security, address infrastructure needs, add air conditioning to larger spaces, create energy efficiencies and modernize learning spaces. This project will be tax neutral, as the debt incurred for this project will replace expiring debt.

The District has applied for and received multiple federal grant opportunities due to COVID-19. The District was granted \$68,978 through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and \$206,845 for the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA). All those funds have been allocated and received. The District was also approved for the American Rescue Plan Act (ARP) in the amount of \$464,879. These funds are still available to the District. While this grant spans multiple years, the District has engaged and will continue to engage with all stakeholders to generate sound fiscal plans to address the pandemic to ensure a safe learning environment and address the social, emotional and academic toll the pandemic has on the District's students.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances for all those with an interest in the School District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Irvington Union Free School District
Attention: Carol Stein
Assistant Superintendent for Business
40 North Broadway
Irvington, New York 10533



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

		Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Receivables	\$	5,702,070 21,459,698
Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments		72,093 469,755 922,883
Inventories Net pension asset - TRS		9,061 25,412,264
Net pension asset - ERS Capital assets		1,334,096
Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net	_	6,597,644 34,162,867
Total Assets		96,142,431
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related		17,139,973
OPEB related		3,577,428
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		20,717,401
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Due to other governments Due to retirement systems Employee payroll deductions Accrued interest payable		1,703,676 299,147 63,095 363,700 3,059,445 2,612 460,335
Non-current liabilities Due within one year		3,157,109
Due in more than one year Total Liabilities		152,538,405 161,647,524
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related OPEB related		32,972,850 39,030,815
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		72,003,665
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted		12,286,098
Future capital projects Workers compensation Special purpose		1,117,300 916,737 328,091
Retirement contributions Unrestricted		751,293 (132,190,876)
Total Net Position	\$	(116,791,357)

			Program Revenues						Net (Expense)		
						Operating	(Capital		Revenue and	
		_	C	Charges for		Grants and		ants and		Changes in	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions	Cor	Contributions		Net Position	
Governmental activities	Φ.	F 474 700	Φ.	000 007	Φ.	0.457	Φ.		Φ.	(F 40F 040)	
General support	\$	5,474,796	\$	333,097	\$	6,457	\$	-	\$	(5,135,242)	
Instruction Pupil transportation		50,918,797 2,585,589		673,622		1,534,081 36,181		-		(48,711,094) (2,549,408)	
Cost of food sales		723,883		- 194,742		642,295		-		(2,549,406) 113,154	
Other		186,444		194,742		227,244		_		40,800	
Interest		661,128		_		221,244		820		(660,308)	
meroci		001,120						020		(000,000)	
Total Governmental											
Activities	\$	60,550,637	\$	1,201,461	\$	2,446,258	\$	820		(56,902,098)	
			===							<u> </u>	
	Ge	neral revenues									
		Real property ta	axes							57,945,883	
	(Other tax items									
		School tax reli		imbursement						2,004,087	
		Non-property ta			_						
		Non-property t				•				920,676	
		Unrestricted us			•	•				22,489	
		Sale of property		•	n fo	r loss				4,080	
		Unrestricted Sta	ate a	ıd						3,677,680	
		Miscellaneous								618,758	
		Total General	Rev	renues						65,193,653	
										, ,	
		Change in Ne	t Po	sition						8,291,555	
	Ne	t Position - Beg	innir	ng						(125,082,912)	
	Ne	t Position - End	ing						\$	(116,791,357)	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		General		Capital Projects		Non-Major overnmental	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and equivalents Investments	\$	2,413,839 13,459,668	\$	2,595,697 8,000,030	\$	692,534 -	\$	5,702,070 21,459,698
Receivables								
Accounts		7,499		-		64,594		72,093
State and Federal aid		118,467		-		351,288		469,755
Due from other governments		922,883		-		-		922,883
Due from other funds		215,116		167,000		33,552		415,668
Inventories						9,061		9,061
Total Assets	\$	17,137,472	\$	10,762,727	\$	1,151,029	\$	29,051,228
LIABILITIES AND FUND								
BALANCES								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	1,495,423	\$	123,505	\$	84,748	\$	1,703,676
Accrued liabilities	•	296,985	,	_	•	2,162	,	299,147
Unearned revenue		-		_		63,095		63,095
Due to other funds		167,939		_		247,729		415,668
Due to other governments		363,700		_		, -		363,700
Due to retirement systems		3,059,445		-		-		3,059,445
Employee payroll deductions		2,612						2,612
Total Liabilities		5,386,104		123,505		397,734		5,907,343
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		_		_		9,061		9,061
Restricted		8,120,640		10,639,222		328,091		19,087,953
Assigned		891,729		-		416,143		1,307,872
Unassigned		2,738,999		_		-		2,738,999
ondolignod		2,700,000						2,100,000
Total Fund Balances		11,751,368		10,639,222		753,295		23,143,885
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Balances	\$	17,137,472	\$	10,762,727	\$	1,151,029	\$	29,051,228

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the District-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 23,143,885
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets - non-depreciable	6,597,644
Capital assets - hon-depreciable Capital assets - depreciable	79,041,568
Accumulated depreciation	(44,878,701)
	 40,760,511
	 40,700,311
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position.	
Deferred outflows - pension related	17,139,973
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	3,577,428
Deferred inflows - pension related	(32,972,850)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	(39,030,815)
	(51,286,264)
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are either deferred or not reported in the funds.	
Net pension asset - TRS	25,412,264
Net pension asset - ERS	 1,334,096
	26,746,360
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest payable	(460,335)
General obligation bond payable	(37,080,000)
Claims payable	(6,451,846)
Compensated absences	(604,355)
Total OPEB liability	 (109,741,210)
	(454.007.740)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and refundings	 (154,337,746)
and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts	
are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Premium on general obligation bonds	 (1,818,103)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (116,791,357)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	 General	Capital Projects	Go	lon-Major vernmental	G 	Total overnmental Funds
Real property taxes	\$ 57,945,883	\$ -	\$	-	\$	57,945,883
Other tax items	2,004,087	-		-		2,004,087
Non-property taxes	920,676	-		-		920,676
Charges for services	673,622	<u>-</u>		-		673,622
Use of money and property	362,043	820		57		362,920
Sale of property and compensation for loss	4,080	-		-		4,080
State aid	4,363,955	-		163,577		4,527,532
Federal aid	-	-		1,290,086		1,290,086
Food sales	-	-		194,742		194,742
Miscellaneous	 618,758	 		299,806		918,564
Total Revenues	 66,893,104	 820		1,948,268		68,842,192
EXPENDITURES Current						
Current General support	8,430,724					8,430,724
Instruction	34,448,356	<u>-</u>		673,276		35,121,632
Pupil transportation	2,334,879	_		46,270		2,381,149
Employee benefits	14,942,659	_		-0,270		14,942,659
Cost of food sales	- 1,012,000	_		723,883		723,883
Other	_	_		186,444		186,444
Debt service				,		,
Principal	3,360,000	_		-		3,360,000
Interest	822,007	_		-		822,007
Capital outlay	 <u> </u>	 5,626,263				5,626,263
Total Expenditures	 64,338,625	 5,626,263		1,629,873		71,594,761
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	 2,554,479	 (5,625,443)		318,395		(2,752,569)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
General obligation bonds issued	-	17,155,000		-		17,155,000
Issuance premium	-	1,645,810		-		1,645,810
Transfers in	232,312	167,000		67,871		467,183
Transfers out	 (234,871)	 		(232,312)		(467,183)
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	 (2,559)	 18,967,810		(164,441)		18,800,810
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,551,920	13,342,367		153,954		16,048,241
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year	9,199,448	(2,703,145)		599,341		7,095,644
End of Year	\$ 11,751,368	\$ 10,639,222	\$	753,295	\$	23,143,885

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts Reported for Go	overnmental Activities in t	the Statement of Acti	ivities are Different Because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	16,048,241
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay expenditures		5,713,849
Depreciation expense		(2,131,274)
	_	(, - , , ,
		3,582,575
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
General obligation bonds issued		(17,155,000)
Issuance Premium		(1,645,810)
Principal paid on general obligation bonds		3,360,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(15,440,810)
Accrued interest		(328,303)
Compensated absences		(47,309)
Claims payable		182,626
Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows		- ,
and inflows of resoucres		4,319,579
Changes in OPEB and related deferred outflows and inflows		
of resources		(514,226)
Amortization of gain on refunding bonds and issuance premium		489,182
		4,101,549
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	8,291,555

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid	\$ Original Budget 59,949,970 780,000 445,557 330,622 4,065,096	\$ Final Budget 57,945,883 2,004,087 780,000 445,557 330,622 - 4,065,096	\$ Actual 57,945,883 2,004,087 920,676 673,622 362,043 4,080 4,363,955	ariance with inal Budget - 140,676 228,065 31,421 4,080 298,859
Miscellaneous	 367,955	 367,955	 618,758	 250,803
Total Revenues	 65,939,200	 65,939,200	66,893,104	 953,904
EXPENDITURES Current				
General support	7,800,345	9,119,064	8,430,724	688,340
Instruction Pupil transportation	36,220,831 2,704,485	36,052,643 2,643,857	34,448,356 2,334,879	1,604,287 308,978
Employee benefits	15,486,387	15,649,417	14,942,659	706,758
Debt service	, ,	, ,	,,	,
Principal	3,360,000	3,360,000	3,360,000	-
Interest	 833,957	 822,007	 822,007	
Total Expenditures	 66,406,005	 67,646,988	 64,338,625	 3,308,363
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(400.005)	(4.707.700)	0.554.470	4 000 007
Over Expenditures	 (466,805)	 (1,707,788)	 2,554,479	 4,262,267
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	232,312	232,312	-
Transfers out	 (170,000)	 (237,000)	 (234,871)	 2,129
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (170,000)	 (4,688)	 (2,559)	 2,129
Net Change in Fund Balances	(636,805)	(1,712,476)	2,551,920	4,264,396
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	636,805	 1,712,476	 9,199,448	 7,486,972
End of Year	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 11,751,368	\$ 11,751,368



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Irvington Union Free School District, New York ("School District"), as presently constituted, operates in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law of the State of New York. The Board of Education is the legislative body responsible for overall operation of the School District and is elected by the voters of the School District. The Superintendent serves as the chief executive officer. The School District's primary function is to provide education for its pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District's significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government which is the School District, b) organizations for which the School District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the School District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

The School District participates in the Southern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"), a jointly governed entity. BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs, which provide educational and support services. BOCES' governing board is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. BOCES charges the districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative and capital costs is determined by resident public school enrollment as defined in Education Law. Copies of BOCES' financial statement can be requested from Southern Westchester BOCES, 17 Berkley Drive, Rye Brook, New York 10573.

B. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the School District as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity and has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

While separate district-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The School District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the district-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the district-wide presentation. The School District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the School District's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The School District also reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than capital projects.

Special Aid Fund - The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special projects or programs supported in whole or in part with Federal or State Funds.

School Lunch Fund - The School Lunch Fund is used to record the operations of the breakfast and lunch programs of the School District.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the School District in accordance with grantor or contributor stipulations. Among the activities included in the Special Purpose Fund are extraclassroom activity funds.

b. Fiduciary Fund (Not Included in District-Wide Financial Statements) - The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities", the School District had no such activity to report in this fund category.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as is the Fiduciary Fund. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenue when the expenditure is made and the amounts are expected to be collected within one year of the fiscal year end. A ninety-day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to judgments and claims, compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefit liability are

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from date of acquisition.

The School District's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The School District has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The School District is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The School District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The School District follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

The School District participates in the New York Liquid Assets Fund ("NYLAF"), a cooperative investment pool, established pursuant to Articles 3A and 5G of General Municipal Law of the State of New York. The sponsoring agency of the pool is another governmental unit, which acting through the fiscal officer, is primarily responsible for executing the provisions of the cooperative agreement. NYLAF has designated PMA Financial Network, Inc. as its registered investment advisor.

The pool is authorized to invest in various securities issued by the United States and its agencies. The amounts represent the amortized cost of the cooperative shares and are considered to approximate fair value. The School District's position in the pool in the amount of \$10,466,260 is equal to the value of the pool shares.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Additional information concerning the NYLAF is presented in the annual report, which may be obtained from the Governing Board c/o PMA Financial Network, 2135 City Gate Lane, 7th Floor, Naperville, IL 60563.

NYLAF is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's Rating Service. Local government investment cooperatives in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies and safety of principal. NYLAF invests in a high quality portfolio of investments legally permissible for municipalities and school districts in the State.

The School District is also invested in Treasury bills through NYLAF in the amount of \$10,993,438. The Treasury bills were purchased in January 2022 and matured in July, 2022. The Treasury bills are priced using level 1 inputs.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the School District does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the School District's name. The School District's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2022.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The School District does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The School District's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Property Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of September 1st and are levied and payable in September and January. The Town of Greenburgh, New York is responsible for the billing and collection of taxes. The Town guarantees the full payment of the School District warrant and assumes responsibility for uncollected taxes.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the School District. Receivables are recorded and revenues

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

recognized as earned or as specific program expenses/expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2022, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Inventories - Inventories in the School Lunch Fund consist of surplus food, at a stated value which approximates market. These inventories consist primarily of items held for consumption. The cost is recorded as inventory at the time individual inventory items are received. The School District uses the consumption method to relieve inventory. In the fund financial statements, reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Land Improvements	20-30
Buildings and Improvements	7-50
Machinery and Equipment	5-20

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In the district-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The School District has reported unearned revenues of \$28,685 for State and Federal aid received in advance in the

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Special Aid Fund and \$34,410 for student meal monies received in advance in the School Lunch Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The School District also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the School District's pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities in Note 3E.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the district-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The net pension liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68".

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB") - In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides health care benefits for certain retired employees and their survivors. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions".

Net Position - represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net position for the School District includes restricted for future capital projects, Workers' compensation, special purpose, employee benefits, tax certiorari and retirement contributions.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law or Education Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority for the School District that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Education.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by the policies of the Board of Education for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or by delegated authority to the Assistant Superintendent for Business for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, any deficit fund balance is reported as unassigned.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the School District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the School District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is October 3, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The School District generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

- a) Budget presentations are made to the Board during February through August and the Board of Education formally adopts the budget for voter approval in April via board resolution. At least seven days prior to the budget hearing, a copy of the budget is made available to the voters.
- b) At the budget hearing, the voters may raise questions concerning the items contained in the budget.
- c) The Board of Education establishes a date for the annual meeting, which by law will be held on the third Tuesday in May.
- d) The voters are permitted to vote upon the General Fund budget at the annual meeting.
- e) If the original proposed budget is not approved by the voters, the Board of Education has the option of either resubmitting the original or revising the budget for voter approval at a special meeting held at a later date; or the Board of Education may, at that point, adopt a contingency budget. If the Board of Education decides to submit either the original or a revised budget to the voters for a second time, and the voters do not approve the second budget submittal, the Board of Education must adopt a contingency budget and the tax levy cannot exceed the total tax levy of the prior year (0% levy growth). In addition, the administrative component of the contingency budget shall not comprise a greater percentage of the contingency budget exclusive of the capital component than the lesser of either 1) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the prior year budget exclusive of the capital component; or 2) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the last proposed defeated budget exclusive of the capital component.
- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General Fund.
- g) The budget for the General Fund is legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. The Board of Education does not adopt an annual budget for the Special Aid, School Lunch or Special Purpose funds since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.
- h) The Board of Education has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, are governed by Board policy. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- i) Appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

B. Limitation on Fund Balance

The School District is limited to the amount of unassigned fund balance, with certain exceptions, that can be retained. New York State law limits this amount of fund balance to 4% of the ensuing year's budget.

C. Property Tax Limitation

Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011, as amended ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"), modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes that a school district may levy. Prior to its enactment, there was no statutory limitation on the amount of real property taxes that a school district could levy if its budget had been approved by a simple majority of its voters. In the event the budget had been defeated by the voters, the school district was required to adopt a contingency budget. Under a contingency budget, school budget increases were limited to the lesser of 4% of the prior year's budget or 120% of the consumer price index ("CPI").

Under the Tax Levy Limitation Law, there is now a limitation on the amount of tax levy growth from one fiscal year to the next. Such limitation is the lesser of (i) 2% or (ii) the annual percentage increase in the CPI subject to certain exclusions. A budget with a tax levy that does not exceed such limit will require approval by at least 50% of the voters. Approval by at least 60% of the voters will be required for a budget with a tax levy in excess of the limit. In the event the voters reject the budget, the tax levy for the school district's budget for the ensuing fiscal year may not exceed the amount of the tax levy for the prior fiscal year. School districts will be permitted to carry forward a certain portion of their unused tax levy limitation from a prior year.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits certain significant exclusions to the tax levy limit for school districts. These include taxes to pay the local share of debt service on bonds or notes issued to finance voter approved capital expenditures and the refinancing or refunding of such bonds or notes, certain pension cost increases, and other items enumerated in the Tax Levy Limitation Law. However, such exclusion does not apply to taxes to pay debt service on tax anticipation notes, revenue anticipation notes, budget notes and deficiency notes; and any obligations issued to finance deficits and certain judgments, including tax certiorari refund payments.

D. New Accounting Pronouncement

GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", established a single model for lease accounting based on the concept that leases are a financing of a "right-to-use" underlying asset. This statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset and a lessor to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for the School District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The School District has completed its evaluation of the financial impact of GASB Statement No. 87 and determined that the implementation of this standard was not required as it did not have a material impact on its financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The composition of due from/to other funds at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Fund	Due <u>From</u>			Due To
General Capital Projects Non-Major Governmental	\$	215,116 167,000 33,552	\$	167,939 - 247,729
	\$	415,668	\$	415,668

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the School District's capital assets are as follows:

Class	Balance July 1, 2021			July 1,			Balance June 30, 2022
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-Progress	\$	793,200 1,997,811	\$	- 5,626,263	\$	- 1,819,630	\$ 793,200 5,804,444
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	2,791,011	\$	5,626,263	\$	1,819,630	\$ 6,597,644
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,334,698 70,334,807 1,471,678	\$	- 1,819,630 87,586	\$	- - 6,831	\$ 5,334,698 72,154,437 1,552,433
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		77,141,183		1,907,216		6,831	79,041,568
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment		4,608,078 37,113,447 1,032,733		262,674 1,765,988 102,612		- - 6,831	4,870,752 38,879,435 1,128,514
Total Accumulated Depreciation		42,754,258		2,131,274		6,831	44,878,701
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$	34,386,925	\$	(224,058)	\$		\$ 34,162,867
Capital Assets, net	\$	37,177,936	\$	5,402,205	\$	1,819,630	\$ 40,760,511

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to School District functions and programs as follows:

General Support Instruction	\$ 25,974 2,105,300
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 2,131,274

C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Other Payroll and employee benefits	\$ - 296,985	\$ 2,162	\$ 2,162 296,985
	\$ 296,985	\$ 2,162	\$ 299,147

D. Short-Term Capital Borrowings

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings.

Purpose	Year of Original Issue	Balance July 1, 2021	 New Issues		R	edemptions	Balance June 30 2022	
Bond Anticipation Notes - District Building and Site Improvements	2021	\$ 9,300,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	9,300,000	\$	

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within seven years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made. The Bond Anticipation Note was redeemed through \$67,000 of transfers from the General Fund and \$9,233,000 through issuance of Serial Bonds described in Note E below.

Interest expenditures of \$ 48,050 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and in the district-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance, July 1, 2021	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One-Year
General Obligation Bonds Payable Plus	\$ 23,285,000	\$ 17,155,000	\$ 3,360,000	\$ 37,080,000	\$ 2,650,000
Unamortized premium on bonds	567,728	1,645,810	395,435	1,818,103	_
	23,852,728	18,800,810	3,755,435	38,898,103	2,650,000
Other Non-current Liabilities					
Claims	6,634,472	436,736	619,362	6,451,846	447,109
Net Pension Liability - TRS	4,004,208	-	4,004,208	-	-
Net Pension Liability - ERS	16,125	-	16,125	-	-
Compensated Absences	557,046	103,309	56,000	604,355	60,000
Other Postemployment Benefit Liability	141,815,527	(29,378,713)	2,695,604	109,741,210	
Total Other Non-Current Liabilities	153,027,378	(28,838,668)	7,391,299	116,797,411	507,109
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 176,880,106	\$ (10,037,858)	\$ 11,146,734	\$ 155,695,514	\$ 3,157,109

The liabilities for general obligation bonds payable, claims, net pension liability, compensated absences and other postemployment benefit liability are liquidated by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds Payable

General obligation Bonds payable at June 30, 2022 are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Year of	Original Issue	Final	Interest		Amount Outstanding at June 30,
Purpose	Issue	Amount	Maturity	Rates		2022
Refunding bonds	2015	\$ 24,590,000	April, 2032	2.75 - 5.00	%	\$ 16,595,000
Serial Bonds	2015	4,600,000	May, 2030	2.00 - 3.00		2,635,000
Serial Bonds	2008	4,175,000	December, 2022	4.00		380,000
Serial Bonds	2008	1,700,000	October, 2023	5.00		315,000
Serial Bonds	2022	17,155,000	December, 2039	2.00 - 5.00		 17,155,000
						\$ 37,080,000

Interest expenditures of \$773,957 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$613,078 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding bonded debt as of June 30, 2022 including interest payments of \$8,088,677 are as follows:

Year		General Obligation							
Ending		Bonds Payable							
June 30,		Principal Intere							
2023	\$	2,650,000	00 \$ 1,453,7						
2024		2,635,000		1,076,182					
2025		2,590,000		956,606					
2026		2,700,000		850,956					
2027		2,795,000		756,300					
2028-2032		14,705,000		2,255,800					
2033-2037		5,460,000		631,800					
2038-2040	3,545,000 107,25								
	\$	37,080,000	\$	8,088,677					

The above general obligation bonds are direct borrowings of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the School District.

Legal Debt Margin

The School District is subject to legal limitations on the amount of debt that it may issue. The School District's legal debt margin is 10% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real property.

Claims Payable

Claims payable reflects a liability of \$6,451,846 for expected tax certiorari refunds, which were not due and payable at year-end. These amounts have been recorded as an expense in the district-wide financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of the existing collective bargaining agreements, the School District is required to compensate teachers and occupational therapists retiring from the School District for accumulated sick time at \$50 per day for unused leave. In addition, pursuant to existing collective bargaining agreements, the School District is required to compensate teaching assistants retiring from the School District for accumulated sick time at \$25 per day for unused leave. As per the terms of the Civil Service Employees Association, Inc., Local 1000 custodial agreement, employees will be compensated at a rate of 25% to 75% of daily wage per day, based on the number of vacation days accumulated for any accumulations up to 75 days. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the district-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System and Teachers' Retirement System

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about us/financial statements index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The School District also participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The TRS is governed by a ten member Board of Trustees, which sets policy and oversees operations consistent with its fiduciary obligations under applicable law. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the Education Law of the State of New York. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The TRS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be found at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

ERS and TRS are noncontributory for employees who joined the systems before July 27, 1976. Employees who joined the systems after July 27, 1976 and before January 1, 2010 contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership. Employees who joined the systems after January 1, 2010 generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the ERS's fiscal year ending March 31. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law of the State of New York, actuarially determined employer contributions are established annually for the TRS by its Board of Trustees. The employer contribution rates for the plans' year ending in 2022 are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	<u>Tier/Plan</u>	Rate
ERS	3 A14 4 A15 5 A15 6 A15	18.3 % 18.3 15.3 10.7 – 10.8
TRS	1-6	9.8 %

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension asset for ERS and TRS:

	ERS			TRS
Measurement date	Ma	arch 31, 2022	J	une 30, 2021
Net pension asset	\$	(1,334,096)	\$	(25,412,264)
School Districts' proportion of the net pension asset		0.0163200 %		0.146646 %
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date		0.0001260 %		0.001738 %

The net pension asset was measured as of March 31, 2022 for ERS and June 30, 2021 for TRS and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset were determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The School District's proportion of the net pension asset for ERS was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. The School District's proportion of the net pension asset for TRS was based on the School District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating members.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized its proportionate share of pension expense in the district-wide financial statements of (\$1,059,515) (\$120,857 for ERS and \$1,180,372 for TRS). Pension expenditures for \$779,010 for ERS was recorded in the fund financial statements and was charged to the General fund. Pension expenditures for TRS of \$2,473,778 and \$7,276 were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the General and Special Aid funds, respectively.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		EF	RS		TRS				
		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	Deferred		
		Outflows		Inflows		Outflows	Inflows		
	0	f Resources	0	f Resources	0	f Resources	0	f Resources	
Differences between expected and									
actual experience	\$	101,033	\$	131,045	\$	3,502,811	\$	132,028	
Changes of assumptions		2,226,457		37,569		8,358,625		1,480,189	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_		4,368,606		_		26,596,563	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and									
proportionate share of contributions School District contributions subsequent to		215,790		49,682		59,784		177,168	
the measurement date		193,549	_		_	2,481,924		<u>-</u>	
	\$	2,736,829	\$	4,586,902	\$	14,403,144	\$	28,385,948	
		То	tal						
		Deferred		Deferred					
		Outflows		Inflows					
	0	f Resources	0	f Resources					
Differences between expected and	Φ.	0.000.044	Φ.	000 070					
actual experience	\$	3,603,844	\$	263,073					
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		10,585,082		1,517,758					
earnings on pension plan investments		-		30,965,169					
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and									
proportionate share of contributions		275,574		226,850					
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,675,473							
the measurement date		2,010,413	_						
	\$	17,139,973	\$	32,972,850					

\$193,549 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS resulting from the School District's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the plan's year ended March 31, 2023. The \$2,481,924 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to TRS will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the plan's year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and TRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 March 31,	 June 30,
Year Ended	ERS	TRS
2022	\$ -	\$ (3,344,938)
2023	(288,926)	(3,893,071)
2024	(445,132)	(4,865,052)
2025	(1,099,329)	(6,402,561)
2026	(210,235)	1,201,205
Thereafter	_	839,689
	\$ (2,043,622)	\$ (16,464,728)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The total pension liability for the ERS and TRS measurement dates were determined by using actuarial valuation dates as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to those measurement dates. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2021	June 30, 2020
Investment rate of return	5.9% *	6.95% *
Salary scale	4.4%	1.95%-5.18%
Inflation rate	2.7%	2.4%
Cost of living adjustments	1.4%	1.3%

^{*}Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on the ERS's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the ERS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020. The actuarial assumptions used in the TRS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice ("ASOP") No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation is summarized in the following table:

	ER	S	TRS			
	March 31	, 2022	June 30, 2021			
		Long-Term		Long-Term		
		Expected		Expected		
	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate		
Asset Type	Allocation	of Return	Allocation	of Return		
Domestic Equity	32 %	3.30 %	33 %	6.8 %		
International Equity	15	5.85	16	7.6		
Private Equity	10	6.50	8	10.0		
Real Estate	9	5.00	11	6.5		
Domestic Fixed Income Securities	-	-	16	1.3		
Global Bonds	-	-	2	0.8		
High Yield Bonds	-	-	1	3.8		
Global Equities	-	-	4	7.1		
Private Debt	-	-	1	5.9		
Real Estate Debt	-	-	7	3.3		
Opportunistic/ARS Portfolio	3	4.10	-	-		
Credit	4	3.78	-	-		
Real Assets	3	5.80	-	-		
Fixed Income	23	-	1	-		
Cash	1	(1.00)		(0.2)		
	100 %		100 %			

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.7% for ERS and 2.4% for TRS.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.9% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1 percentage point higher (6.9% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	1% Decrease (4.9%)		Current iscount Rate (5.9%)	1% Increase (6.9%)
School District's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,433,949	\$	(1,334,096)	\$ (5,322,336)
	1% Decrease (5.95%)	D	Current iscount Rate (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
School District's proportionate share of the TRS net pension asset	\$ (2,666,647)	\$	(25,412,264)	\$ (44,528,305)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2022 ERS measurement date and the June 30, 2021 TRS measurement date were as follows:

	ERS			TRS		
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	223,874,888,000 232,049,473,000	\$	130,819,415,417 148,148,457,363		
Employers' net pension asset	\$	(8,174,585,000)	\$	(17,329,041,946)		
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		103.65%		113.25%		

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of ERS's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent the projected employer contribution for the period April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

Employer and employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 are paid to TRS in the following fiscal year through a state aid intercept or, if state aid is insufficient, through a payment by the School District to TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate plus employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to TRS.

Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 were \$193,549 to ERS and \$2,865,896 to TRS (including employee contribution of \$258,946).

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The School District can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the School District will

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the School District may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing postemployment health care benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	259
Active employees	292
	551

The School District's total OPEB liability of \$109,741,210 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases 2.6%, average, including inflation

Discount rate 3.54%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.1% for 2023, 5.0% for 2024 to 2033, 5.1% for 2033 to

2042, 5.2% for 2042 to 2044, decreasing 0.1% every few years to an ultimate rate of 4.1% for 2074 and later

years

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 0% - 23%, depending on employee class and date of

retirement.

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index as of June 30, 2022.

Mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct and job category specific headcount weighted Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for teaching and non-teaching position. Both were generationally projected using the MP-2021 Ultimate Scale, with employee rates before commencement and healthy annuitant rates after benefit commencement. This assumption includes a margin for future improvements in longevity.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The School District's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 141,815,527
Service cost	6,041,944
Interest	3,164,764
Differences between expected and actual experience	(12,744,752)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(25,840,669)
Benefit payments	(2,695,604)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 109,741,210

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.54%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current		1%	
	Decrease	Decrease Dis (2.54%)				Increase (4.54%)
	 (2.34 /0)		(3.34 70)	-	(4.54 /0)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 129,840,140	\$	109,741,210	\$	93,747,510	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.1% decreasing to 3.1%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.1% decreasing to 5.1%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rates	Increase
	(4.1% decreasing	(5.1% decreasing	(6.1% decreasing
	to 3.1%)	to 4.1%)	to 5.1%)
T (ODED : ''''		Φ 400 744 040	.
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 93,284,194	\$ 109,741,210	\$ 131,284,941

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,209,830 in the district-wide financial statements. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	_ 01	Deferred Outflows f Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,577,428	\$ 27,621,558 11,409,257
	\$	3,577,428	\$ 39,030,815

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,	-	
2023	\$	(5,996,878)
2024		(5,996,878)
2025		(5,996,878)
2026		(5,250,258)
2027		(4,547,924)
Thereafter		(7,664,571)
	<u></u>	_
	\$	(35,453,387)

F. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flows of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reported as transfers.

		Capital	Special	
	General	Projects	Aid	
Transfers Out	 Fund	 Fund	Fund	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 167,000	\$ 67,871	\$ 234,871
Non-major Governmental Funds	 232,312	 	 	 232,312
	\$ 232,312	\$ 167,000	\$ 67,871	\$ 467,183

Transfers are used to move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to (1) fulfill commitments for Special Aid and Capital projects funds expenditures and (2) to transfer federal grant funds from Special Aid fund to the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Future Capital Projects - the component of net position that has been established pursuant to Section 6c of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York to set aside funds to be used for future capital projects.

Restricted for Workers' Compensation Benefits - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with Section 6-j of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Special Purpose - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to be used for extraclassroom activities and other purposes with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Restricted for Retirement Contributions - the component of net position that reports the amounts set aside to be used for retirement costs in accordance with Section 6r of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

H. Fund Balances

	2022							
	General	Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental					
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total				
Nonspendable Inventories	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,061	\$ 9,061				
Restricted								
Workers compensation	916,737			916,737				
Tax certiorari	4,713,182	-	-	4,713,182				
Employee benefit accrued liability Retirement contributions	622,128	-	-	622,128				
Future capital projects	751,293 1,117,300	-	-	751,293 1,117,300				
Capital projects	1,117,500	10,639,222	_	10,639,222				
Special Purpose		-	328,091	328,091				
Total Restricted	8,120,640	10,639,222	328,091	19,087,953				
Assigned								
Purchases on order								
General government support	391,749	-	-	391,749				
Instruction	77,480			77,480				
	469,229	-	-	469,229				
Subsequent year's expenditures								
General Fund	422,500	-	-	422,500				
School Lunch Fund			416,143	416,143				
	422,500		416,143	838,643				
Total Assigned	891,729		416,143	1,307,872				
Unassigned	2,738,999			2,738,999				
Total Fund Balance	\$ 11,751,368	\$ 10,639,222	\$ 753,295	\$ 23,143,885				

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Inventories in the School Lunch Fund have been classified as nonspendable to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not "available" for expenditure because the asset is in the form of commodities and the School District anticipates utilizing them in the normal course of operations.

Employee benefit accrued liability has been established pursuant to General Municipal Law to provide funds for the payment of unused sick time and other forms of payment for accrued leave time granted upon termination or separation from service.

Tax Certiorari has been established in accordance with New York State Education Law to provide funding for court ordered tax refunds which are currently in process.

Purchases on order represent the School District's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at June 30, 2022, the Board has utilized the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The School District receives notices of claims for money damages arising from personal injury claims. The School District anticipates that insurance coverage will be sufficient to satisfy any resolution of the pending claims.

The School District is a defendant in several lawsuits involving former students. The cases are still in the discovery phase. At this time it is not possible to determine the outcome of these matters.

B. Contingencies

The School District participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District is subject to audits of State aid by the New York State Education Department. The amount of aid previously paid to the School District which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

C. Risk Management

The School District purchases various insurance coverages from the Company to reduce its exposure to loss. The School District maintains a general liability insurance policy and automobile liability with coverage up to \$1 million. The School District maintains liability coverage for school board members up to \$1 million. The School District also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$25 million. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 5 - Recently Issued GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITAs") for government end users. This Statement defines a SBITA and establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset) and a corresponding liability. The Statement also provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA, as well as detailing the requirements for note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

This is not an all-inclusive list of recently issued GASB pronouncements but rather a listing of Statements that the School District believes will most impact its financial statements. The School District will evaluate the impact this and other pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(2)

		2022		2021	 2020	 2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	-	6,041,944 3,164,764	\$	6,108,299 3,068,590	\$ 5,437,468 4,453,956	\$ 5,850,337 3,951,187	\$ 5,679,939 3,741,988
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	(25	2,744,752) (5,840,669) 2,695,604)	(4)	1,277,855 (2,747,272)	 (544,318) 4,271,918 (2,636,103)	 (11,199,244) (2,646,549)	 (55,285) - (2,482,130)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(32	2,074,317)		7,707,472	10,982,921	(4,044,269)	6,884,512
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	14^	1,815,527		134,108,055	 123,125,134	 127,169,403	 120,284,891 (3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 109	9,741,210	\$	141,815,527	\$ 134,108,055	\$ 123,125,134	\$ 127,169,403
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 28	8,123,017	\$	28,176,405	\$ 28,176,405	\$ 29,373,625	\$ 29,373,625
Discount Rate		3.54%		2.16%	 2.21%	 3.50%	 3.00%
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		390.22%		503.31%	 475.96%	 419.17%	 432.94%

Notes to Schedule:

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

⁽²⁾ No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.

⁽³⁾ Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

⁽⁴⁾ Result of demographic changes.

Required Supplementary Information New York State Teachers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	Schedule of the	Scł	nool District's P	rop	ortionate Share	e of	the Net Pensic	n L	iability (Asset)	(2)					
	 2021 (4)		2021 (3)		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.146646%		0.144908%	_	0.145480%		0.146342%	_	0.146114%		0.144890%		0.141509%	_	0.136039%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (25,412,264)	\$	4,004,200	\$	(3,779,600)	\$	(2,646,300)	\$	(1,110,600)	\$	1,551,800	\$	(14,698,300)	\$	(15,153,900)
School District's covered payroll	\$ 26,185,497	\$	24,595,500	\$	24,282,900	\$	23,837,500	\$	23,154,400	\$	22,357,500	\$	21,256,600	\$	20,095,100
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(97.05)%		0.16		(15.56)%		(11.10)%	<u>=</u>	(4.80)%		6.94%		(69.15)%	<u> </u>	(75.41)%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	 113.25%		97.80%	_	102.20%		101.53%		100.66%	_	99.01%		110.46%	_	111.48%
Discount Rate	 6.95%	_	7.10%	_	7.10%	_	7.25%	_	7.25%		7.50%	_	8.00%	_	8.00%
			S	che	dule of Contrib	utio	ns								
	 2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 2,606,950	\$	2,495,400	\$	2,179,200	\$	2,578,800	\$	2,336,100	\$	2,713,700	\$	2,964,600	\$	3,726,300
contractually required contribution	 (2,606,950)		(2,495,400)		(2,179,200)		(2,578,800)		(2,336,100)		(2,713,700)		(2,964,600)		(3,726,300)
Contribution excess	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$	
School District's covered payroll	\$ 26,601,533	\$	26,185,497	\$	24,595,500	\$	24,282,900	\$	23,837,500	\$	23,154,400	\$	22,357,500	\$	21,256,600
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	 9.80%	_	9.53%	_	8.86%	_	10.62%	_	9.80%	_	11.72%	_	13.26%	_	17.53%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

⁽²⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

⁽³⁾ Increase in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

⁽⁴⁾ Decrease in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains.

Required Supplementary Information
New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System
Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	Schedule	of the	School District	's P	roportionate Sh	are o	of the Net Pensi	on L	iability (Asset)	(2)				
	2022 (5)		2021 (4)		2020 (3)		2019		2018		2017	 2016		2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0163200%		0.0161940%		0.0166241%		0.0169818%		0.0180560%		0.017257%	0.017713%	0	.017374%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,334,096)	\$	16,100	\$	4,402,000	\$	1,203,200	\$	582,700	\$	1,621,500	\$ 2,843,000	\$	586,900
School District's covered payroll	\$ 6,023,711	\$	5,607,557	\$	5,593,103	\$	5,411,307	\$	5,281,256	\$	5,226,082	\$ 4,880,321	\$ 4	,349,718
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(22.15)%	· 	0.29%		78.70%		22.23%		11.03%		31.03%	 58.25%		13.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.65%		99.95%		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%	_	94.71%	 90.68%		97.95%
Discount Rate	5.90%	: <u></u>	5.90%		6.80%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%	 7.00%		7.50%
				S	chedule of Con	tribu	tions							
	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	 2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 864,019	\$	765,400	\$	723,200	\$	725,300	\$	751,200	\$	739,500	\$ 807,500	\$	815,800
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(864,019)		(765,400)		(723,200)		(725,300)		(751,200)		(739,500)	 (807,500)		(815,800)
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
School District's covered payroll	\$ 5,977,173	\$	5,793,440	\$	5,555,482	\$	5,470,641	\$	5,275,357	\$	5,200,113	\$ 4,904,442	\$ 4	1,745,689
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.46%	· <u> </u>	13.21%	_	13.02%		13.26%		14.24%		14.22%	 16.46%		17.19%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

⁽²⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date with the current fiscal year

⁽³⁾ Increase in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ Decrease in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains.



General Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	2022
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 2,413,839
Investments	 13,459,668
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds	 7,499 118,467 922,883 215,116
	 1,263,965
Total Assets	\$ 17,137,472
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to retirement systems Employee payroll deductions	\$ 1,495,423 296,985 167,939 363,700 3,059,445 2,612
Total Liabilities	 5,386,104
Fund balance Restricted Assigned Unassigned	8,120,640 891,729 2,738,999
Total Fund Balance	11,751,368
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 17,137,472



General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	E	Encumbr- ances	riance with nal Budget
REVENUES									
Real property taxes	\$	59,949,970	\$	57,945,883	\$	57,945,883	\$		\$ -
Other tax items		-		2,004,087		2,004,087			-
Non-property taxes		780,000		780,000		920,676			140,676
Charges for services		445,557		445,557		673,622			228,065
Use of money and property		330,622		330,622		362,043			31,421
Sale of property and compensation for loss		-		-		4,080			4,080
State aid		4,065,096		4,065,096		4,363,955			298,859
Miscellaneous		367,955		367,955		618,758			 250,803
Total Revenues		65,939,200		65,939,200		66,893,104			 953,904
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General support									
Board of education		146,366		165,134		115,766		30,173	19,195
Central administration		379,736		380,943		380,943		· -	· -
Finance		683,772		713,677		688,310		8.060	17,307
Staff		564,422		536,160		460,424		-,	75,736
Central services		5,385,771		5,691,101		5,157,325		353,516	180,260
Special items		640,278		1,632,049		1,627,956		-	4,093
Total General Support	-	7,800,345		9,119,064		8.430.724		391,749	 296,591
		.,000,010		3,1.0,00.		0,100,121			
Instruction									
Instruction, administration		0.404.455		0.074.000					004 705
and improvement		2,131,157		2,071,302		1,869,517			201,785
Teaching - Regular school		18,864,644		18,676,086		18,207,979		62,108	405,999
Programs for students with									
disabilities		9,375,109		9,286,328		8,568,935		-	717,393
Occupational education		103,358		167,065		167,063		-	2
Instructional media		1,994,043		2,108,440		2,064,091		6,527	37,822
Pupil services		3,752,520		3,743,422		3,570,771		8,845	 163,806
Total Instruction		36,220,831		36,052,643		34,448,356		77,480	 1,526,807
Pupil transportation		2,704,485		2,643,857		2,334,879		_	308,978
Employee benefits		15,486,387		15,649,417		14,942,659		_	706,758
Debt service		10,400,007		10,040,411		14,042,000			700,700
Principal		3,360,000		3,360,000		3,360,000		_	_
Interest		833,957		822,007		822,007		-	-
Total Expenditures		66,406,005		67,646,988		64,338,625		469,229	2,839,134
Evene (Definion or) of Document									
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(AGC 90E)		(4 707 700)		2 554 470		(460.220)	2 702 020
Over Experiorures		(466,805)		(1,707,788)		2,554,479		(469,229)	 3,793,038
OTHER FINANCING (USES)									
Transfers in		_		232,312		232,312		_	_
Transfers out		(170,000)		(237,000)		(234,871)		_	2,129
		(,,,,,		(201,000)		(20.,0)			
Total Other Financing Uses		(170,000)		(4,688)		(2,559)			 2,129
Net Change in Fund Balance		(636,805)		(1,712,476)		2,551,920	\$	(469,229)	\$ 3,795,167
FUND BALANCE									
Beginning of Year		636,805		1,712,476		9,199,448			
	_	,	_	.,, 5	_				
End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	11,751,368			

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 59,949,970	\$ 57,945,883	\$ 57,945,883	\$ -
OTHER TAX ITEMS School tax relief reimbursement	<u>-</u> _	2,004,087	2,004,087	- _
NON-PROPERTY TAXES Non-property tax distribution from County	780,000	780,000	920,676	140,676
CHARGES FOR SERVICES Day school tuition Other student fees and charges Health services for other districts Tuition	322,457 1,000 72,000 50,100	322,457 1,000 72,000 50,100	556,007 887 58,334 58,394	233,550 (113) (13,666) 8,294
	445,557	445,557	673,622	228,065
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Earnings on investments Rental on real property	13,000 317,622	13,000 317,622	28,946 333,097	15,946 15,475
	330,622	330,622	362,043	31,421
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS Insurance recoveries			4,080	4,080

STATE AID				
Basic formula	3,356,287	3,356,287	3,073,808	(282,479)
BOCES aid	473,403	473,403	603,872	130,469
Textbook aid	153,536	153,536	108,811	(44,725)
Computer software aid	-	-	32,430	32,430
Library materials aid	-	-	11,287	11,287
Tuition aid for students with disabilities	-	-	125,484	125,484
Transportation for students with disabilities	-	-	408,263	408,263
Other	81,870	81,870		(81,870)
	4,065,096	4,065,096	4,363,955	298,859
MISCELLANEOUS				
Refund of prior year's expenditures	45,000	45,000	58,419	13,419
Refund of prior year's BOCES expenditures	70,000	70,000	144,349	74,349
Unclassified	252,955	252,955	415,990	163,035
	367,955	367,955	618,758	250,803
TOTAL REVENUES	65,939,200	65,939,200	66,893,104	953,904
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in				
Special Aid Fund		232,312	232,312	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	<u>-</u> _	232,312	232,312	
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER				
FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 65,939,200	\$ 66,171,512	\$ 67,125,416	\$ 953,904

See independent auditors' report.

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2022

GENERAL SUPPORT	Original Final Budget Budget Actual		Encumbrances	Variance with Final Budget	
BOARD OF EDUCATION	ф <u>го</u> соо	Ф 77.000	. 40.404		Φ 4.004
Board of education District clerk	\$ 56,660 60,000	\$ 77,660 59,866	\$ 48,491 53,985	\$ 24,838 5,335	\$ 4,331 546
District clerk District meeting	29,706	27,608	13,290		14,318
Total Board of Education	146,366	165,134	115,766	30,173	19,195
CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION					
Chief school administrator	379,736	380,943	380,943		
FINANCE					
Business administration	493,947	519,637	511,564	8,060	13
Auditing	84,200	73,700	56,600	-	17,100
Treasurer	105,625	120,340	120,146		194_
Total Finance	683,772	713,677	688,310	8,060	17,307
STAFF					
Legal	357,500	337,710	270,194	-	67,516
Personnel	126,472	111,920	105,829	-	6,091
Public information and services	80,450	86,530	84,401		2,129
Total Staff	564,422	536,160	460,424		75,736
CENTRAL SERVICES					
Operation and maintenance of plant	4,694,563	4,876,647	4,446,126	263,265	167,256
Printing and Mailing	44,360	44,360	34,791	-	9,569
Data Processing	646,848	770,094	676,408	90,251	3,435
Total Central Services	5,385,771	5,691,101	5,157,325	353,516	180,260

Total Instructional Media	1,994,043	2,108,440	2,064,091	6,527	37,822
Computer assisted instruction	1,352,358	1,466,755	1,435,342	2,798	28,615
School library and audiovisual	641,685	641,685	628,749	3,729	9,207
INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA					
OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION	103,358	167,065	167,063	<u> </u>	2
Programs for students with disabilities	9,375,109	9,286,328	8,568,935	<u> </u>	717,393
PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES					
TEACHING - REGULAR SCHOOL	18,864,644	18,676,086	18,207,979	62,108	405,999
Total Instruction, Administration and Improvement	2,131,157	2,071,302	1,869,517	<u> </u>	201,785
Supervision - Regular school	1,508,911	1,490,011	1,391,886	<u> </u>	98,125
INSTRUCTION, ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT Curriculum development and supervision	622,246	581,291	477,631	-	103,660
INSTRUCTION					
Total General Support	7,800,345	9,119,064	8,430,724	391,749	296,591
Total Special Items	640,278	1,632,049	1,627,956	<u>-</u> _	4,093
Administrative charges - BOCES	300,278	300,278	300,278	-	-
Refunds of real property taxes	75,000	1,066,471	1,066,471	-	-
Assessments on school property	60,000	30,800	26,718	-	4,082
Unallocated insurance	205,000	234,500	234,489	_	11

(Continued)

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

PUPIL SERVICES		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Encu	mbrances		riance with al Budget
Guidance - Regular school	\$	921,087	\$	963,398	\$	958,049	\$	_	\$	5,349
Health services - Regular school	Ψ	529,151	Ψ	533,632	Ψ	516,693	Ψ	_	Ψ	16,939
Psychological services - Regular school		587,446		588,646		585,935		_		2,711
Social work services - Regular school		253,710		196,619		170,684		_		25,935
Pupil personnel services - Special schools		314,234		314,234		273,637		_		40,597
Co-curricular activities - Regular school		201,020		201,021		178,001		_		23,020
Interscholastic activities - Regular school		945,872		945,872		887,772		8,845		49,255
Total Pupil Services		3,752,520		3,743,422		3,570,771	_	8,845		163,806
Total Instruction		36,220,831		36,052,643		34,448,356		77,480		1,526,807
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION										
District transportation services		168,485		168,485		159,700		_		8.785
Contract transportation		2,536,000		2,475,372		2,175,179				300,193
Total Pupil Transportation		2,704,485		2,643,857		2,334,879	_			308,978
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS										
State retirement		817,160		817,160		779,010		-		38,150
Teachers' retirement		2,546,975		2,546,975		2,473,778		_		73,197
Social security		2,515,619		2,515,619		2,430,216		-		85,403
Workers' compensation benefits		458,000		542,200		518,505		-		23,695
Life insurance		37,200		37,200		29,390		-		7,810
Unemployment benefits		50,000		50,000		545		-		49,455
Disability insurance		56,400		56,400		52,213		-		4,187
Hospital, medical and dental insurance		8,534,433		8,479,383		8,077,531		-		401,852
Union welfare benefits		465,100		508,699		487,427		-		21,272
Incentive and sick time payout		<u>-</u>		90,281		90,281		-		
Flex administrative fees		5,500		5,500		3,763	-			1,737
Total Employee Benefits		15,486,387		15,649,417		14,942,659				706,758

DEBT SERVICE

Principal	2 260 000	2 260 000	3 360 000		
Serial bonds	3,360,000	3,360,000	3,360,000	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Interest					
Serial bonds	773,957	773,957	773,957	-	-
Bond anticipation notes	60,000	48,050	48,050		
	833,957	822,007	822,007		
Total Debt Service	4,193,957	4,182,007	4,182,007		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	66,406,005	67,646,988	64,338,625	469,229	2,839,134
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out					
Special Aid Fund	70,000	70,000	67,871	-	2,129
Capital Projects Fund	100,000	167,000	167,000		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	170,000	237,000	234,871		2,129
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING USES	\$ 66,576,005	\$ 67,883,988	\$ 64,573,496	\$ 469,229	\$ 2,841,263

Capital Projects Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Due from other funds	\$ 2,595,697 8,000,030 167,000
Total Assets	\$ 10,762,727
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 123,505
Fund balance Restricted	 10,639,222
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 10,762,727

Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	820
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		5,626,263
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(5,625,443)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES General obligation bonds issued Issuance premium Transfers in	_	17,155,000 1,645,810 167,000
Total Other Financing Sources		18,967,810
Net Change in Fund Balance		13,342,367
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year		(2,703,145)
End of Year	\$	10,639,222

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule Inception of Project Through June 30, 2022

		Expenditures and Transfers To Date								
PROJECT	Project Budget		Prior Years		Current Year		Totals		Unexpended Balance	
Other Capital Projects	\$	107,224	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	107,224
District-Wide Improvements		18,975,128	-	2,817,857		5,626,263		8,444,120		10,531,008
Totals	\$	19,082,352	\$	2,817,857	\$	5,626,263	\$	8,444,120	\$	10,638,232

See independent auditors' report.

Methods of Financing									F	und Balance	
_	ntorfund	Droop				ing					at June 30,
Interfund Transfers		Proceeds of Obligations		State and Federal Aid			Other Total		Total		2022
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	107,224	\$	107,224	\$	107,224
	100,000	18,8	367,810		7,488		820		18,976,118		10,531,998
\$	100,000	\$ 18,8	367,810	\$	7,488	\$	108,044	\$	19,083,342	\$	10,639,222

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

ASSETS	School Lunch	Special Aid	Special Purpose	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Cash and equivalents	\$ 349,768	\$ 14,227	\$ 328,539	\$ 692,534
Receivables				
Accounts	-	64,594	-	64,594
State and Federal aid	101,906	249,382	-	351,288
Due from other funds		31,838	1,714	33,552
	101,906	345,814	1,714	449,434
Inventories	9,061			9,061
Total Assets	\$ 460,735	\$ 360,041	\$ 330,253	\$ 1,151,029
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 66	\$ 84,682	\$ -	\$ 84,748
Accrued Liabilities	-	-	2,162	2,162
Unearned revenue	34,410	28,685	-	63,095
Due to other funds	1,055	246,674		247,729
Total Liabilities	35,531	360,041	2,162	397,734
Fund balances				
Nonspendable	9,061	_	-	9,061
Restricted	-	-	328,091	328,091
Assigned	416,143			416,143
Total Fund Balances	425,204		328,091	753,295
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 460,735	\$ 360,041	\$ 330,253	\$ 1,151,029

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

DEVENUE	School Lunch	Special Aid	Special Purpose	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES	•		.	
Use of money and property	\$ 4	•	\$ 13	\$ 57
State aid Federal aid	9,74	•	-	163,577
Food sales	632,50 194,74		-	1,290,086 194,742
Miscellaneous	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- 227 224	
Miscellarieous	-	6 72,569	227,231	299,806
Total Revenues	837,03	7 883,987	227,244	1,948,268
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction		- 673,276	-	673,276
Transportation		- 46,270	-	46,270
Cost of food sales	723,88	-	-	723,883
Other		<u>-</u>	186,444	186,444
Total Expenditures	723,88	3 719,546	186,444	1,629,873
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	113,15	4 164,441	40,800	318,395
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		- 67,871	_	67,871
Transfers out		- (232,312)	-	(232,312)
Total Other Financing Uses		- (164,441)		(164,441)
rotal other rinarioning coop				(101,111)
Net Change in Fund Balances	113,15	-	40,800	153,954
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of Year	312,05	<u> </u>	287,291	599,341
End of Year	\$ 425,20	4 \$ -	\$ 328,091	\$ 753,295

School Lunch Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash and equivalents State and Federal aid receivable Inventories	\$ 349,768 101,906 9,061
Total Assets	\$ 460,735
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 66
Unearned revenue	34,410
Due to other funds	 1,055
Total Liabilities	 35,531
Fund balance	
Nonspendable	9,061
Assigned	 416,143
Total Fund Balance	 425,204
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 460,735

School Lunch Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance
Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES Use of money and property State aid Federal aid Food sales Miscellaneous	\$ 44 9,741 632,504 194,742 6
Total Revenues	837,037
EXPENDITURES Current Cost of food sales	723,883
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	113,154
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	312,050
End of Year	\$ 425,204

Special Aid Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable State and Federal aid receivable Due from other funds	\$ 14,227 64,594 249,382 31,838
Total Assets	\$ 360,041
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Accounts payable	\$ 84,682
Unearned revenue	28,685
Due to other funds	 246,674
Total Liabilities	\$ 360,041

Special Aid Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance
Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	
State aid	\$ 153,836
Federal aid	657,582
Miscellaneous	72,569
Total Revenues	 883,987
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
Instruction	673,276
Transportation	 46,270
Total Expenditures	 719,546
Excess of Revenues	
Over Expenditures	164,441
	- ,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers in	67,871
Transfers out	(232,312)
Total Other Financing Uses	(164,441)
	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	-
FUND BALANCE	
Beginning of Year	_
End of Year	\$ -

Special Purpose Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 328,539 1,714
Total Assets	\$ 330,253
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accrued Liabilities	\$ 2,162
Fund balance Restricted	 328,091
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 330,253

Special Purpose Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 13 227,231
Total Revenues	227,244
EXPENDITURES Current Other	 186,444
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	40,800
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	 287,291
End of Year	\$ 328,091

General Fund

Analysis of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget Year Ended June 30, 2022 Adopted Budget \$ 66,361,700 Encumbrances 214,305 **Original Budget** 66,576,005 **Budget Amendments** 1,307,983 Final Budget \$ 67,883,988 General Fund Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation 2022-23 Expenditure Budget \$ 68,475,000 General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Unrestricted fund balance Assigned fund balance 891,729 Unassigned fund balance 2,738,999 Total Unrestricted Fund Balance 3,630,728 Less Appropriated for subsequent year's budget 422,500 Encumbrances 469,229 **Total Adjustments** 891,729 General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law 2,738,999

Actual Percentage

4.00%

Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets Year Ended June 30, 2022

Capital Assets, net		\$ 40,760,511
Less Bonds Payable Unamortized Portion of Premium on Bonds	\$ 37,080,000 1,818,103	(38,898,103)
Plus Unexpended Bond Proceeds		 10,423,690
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 12,286,098





Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Irvington Union Free School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Irvington Union Free School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 3, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York October 3, 2022



Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Irvington Union Free School District, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Irvington Union Free School District, New York's ("School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("Government Auditing Standards"); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Governmental Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error; as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York October 3, 2022



Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Sub- Recipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program - Commodities National School Lunch Program - Cash	10.553 10.555 10.555	N/A N/A N/A	\$ - - -	\$ 62,122 26,376 542,203
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			-	630,701
State Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs Grants	10.649	N/A		1,803
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				632,504
U.S. Department of Education				
Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Department of Education				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.027 84.173	032-22-1053 033-22-1053		275,485 8,460
Subtotal Special Education Cluster				283,945
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	021-22-3640		62,230
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	147-22-3640		32,339
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	204-22-3640		9,529
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund (CRRSA) American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary	84.425D	5891-21-3640	-	206,845
School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	5880-21-3640		37,227
				244,072
Total U.S. Department of Education				632,115
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Services				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	DR-4480-NY		25,467
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 1,290,086

N/A - Information not available

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.



Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Irvington Union Free School District, New York ("School District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. Federal awards received directly from the Federal agencies as well as Federal awards passed through other government agencies are included in the Schedule. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the School District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

audited AAP	Unmodified
ng: fied? entified?	YesX_No YesX_None reported
statements	Yes <u>X</u> No
rograms: fied? entified?	YesX_No YesX_None reported
ompliance	Unmodified
ce with	Yes <u>X</u> No
ms:	
Name of Federal F	Program or Cluster
	ol Lunch Program – Commodities ol Lunch Program – Cash
ns:	\$750,000
?	YesX_No
	ng: fied? entified? statements rograms: fied? entified? entified? entified? ms: Name of Federal F Child Nutrition Clus National School National School School Breakfa

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Concluded) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2022

None